

Product Information

Laminated beam MUF system 1242 / 2542

- Long storage time

Light coloured system for laminated beam and finger joints in load bearing timber structures. Mixed application of adhesive and hardener

	1242		2542		
Product	MUF adhesive		Hardener		
Delivery Form	Liquid		Liquid		
Colour	Opaque white		Cream (light yellow)		
Viscosity (at time of production)	10000 - 20000 mPas (Brookfield LVT, sp.4, 12 rpm, 25°C / 77°F)		10000 - 20000 mPas (Brookfield LVT, sp.4, 12 rpm, 25°C / 77°F)		
Density	Appr. 1250 kg/m ³		Appr. 1340 kg/m ³		
pH (at time of production)	9,5 - 11,0 (at 25°C / 77°F)		0.8 – 1.5 (at 25°C / 77°F)		
Dry content	66 - 69%		Not applicable		
Storage Life	15°C/59°F	20°C/68°F	30°C/86°F	20°C/68°F	30°C/86°F
(months from time of production)		8	4	6	
,	Recommer temperatur 77°F).	Recommended storage temperature 15°C to 25°C (59°F to 77°F). Only short time exposure to temperatures below 10°C / 50°F			torage temperature; °F to 77°F).
	Only short temperatur				temperatures below 10°C / 50°F and above 30°C / 86°F are acceptable.
Storage Condition	and above 30°C / 86°F are acceptable.		are	Frozen and thawed product cannot be used due to irreversible changes in the	
	If the product has been frozen it cannot be thawed and used because of irreversible changes in its properties.			product.	
Formaldehyde Info	≤0.7% free formaldehyde		Contains no form	aldehyde	
Glue Line Properties	Fulfils the requirements according to EN 301 (for glue type I and II, service classes 1, 2, 3) and DIN 68141.				

Product Specification

Contact Information

 Stockholm, Sweden
 +46 8 743 40 00

 High Point, USA
 +1 336 841 5111

 Amata, Vietnam
 +84 8 844 5743

 Medellin, Colombia
 +57 4 3618888

 www.akzonobel.com/adhesives
 +57 4 3618888

Version: 06 (2021-05-21)



	1242 with hardener 2542 is approved by Norsk Treteknis Institutt (NTI), Norway, Materialprüfungsanstalt Universität Stuttgart - Otto - Graf - Institut (MPA), Germany, and SKH/KOMO (DHBC No.32389), Holland for the production of load-bearing timber structures.
Approvais	1242 with hardener 2542 have been tested in accordance with EN 301 and fulfils the requirements for Adhesive type I-90-GP-0,6-M-w and I-90-FJ-0,1-M for use with the wood species spruce, fir and pine. The product is suitable for the production of glued laminated timber according to EN 14080:2013.

Gluing Operation Information		
Applications	Structural elements (face lamination) and finger joints	
Press Type	Cold Press, Hot Press	
Press Temperature Minimum pressing temperature is 20°C / 68°F		
	Glue joint temperature	Mixing ratio 100:20
Pressing Time when a thin glue line is guaranteed (250 g/m ² , approx. 0,1 mm)	20°C / 68°F	10h
	30°C / 86°F	Зh
	Glue joint temperature	Mixing ratio 100:25
	20°C / 68°F	9h
	30°C / 86°F	2h 45'

The given pressing times are related to the production of straight beams with a moisture content of approximately 12%. When gluing curved beams or using wood with higher moisture content, the pressing times have to be prolonged.

Numerous parameters influence the performance of the glue system, such as the condition of the press, the moisture content of the substrate, the ambient temperature and relative humidity, the type of construction, bond-line thickness, and the species of wood.

The given pressing times are related to a material temperature of approximately 20°C / 68°F and 30°C / 86°F. If the temperature of the material is lower, the pressing time must be prolonged. The values given in the table are minimum values and are to be used as guidelines.

Mixing ratio	15°C/59°F	20°C/68°C	30°C/86°C				
100:20	2h 30'	1h 40'	50'				
100:25	2h	1h 20'	40'				
Minimum 0,5 MPa for soft wood. Minimum 1,0 MPa for hard wood. In laminated beam production:							
				Minimum 0,7 MPa for 33 mm lamellas.			
				Minimum 0,9 MPa for 45 mm lamellas.			
	Mixing ratio 100:20 100:25 Minimum 0,5 M Minimum 1,0 M In laminated be Minimum 0,7 M Minimum 0,9 M	Mixing ratio15°C/59°F100:202h 30'100:252hMinimum 0,5 MPa for soft wood.Minimum 1,0 MPa for hard wood.In laminated beam production:Minimum 0,7 MPa for 33 mm lamellaMinimum 0,9 MPa for 45 mm lamella	Mixing ratio15°C/59°F20°C/68°C100:202h 30'1h 40'100:252h1h 20'Minimum 0,5 MPa for soft wood.1h 20'Minimum 1,0 MPa for hard wood.In laminated beam production:In laminated beam production:Minimum 0,7 MPa for 33 mm lamellas.Minimum 0,9 MPa for 45 mm lamellas.				

Contact Information

Stockholm, Sweden +46 8 743 40 00 +1 336 841 5111 High Point, USA Amata, Vietnam +84 8 844 5743 Medellin, Colombia +57 4 3618888 www.akzonobel.com/adhesives

Version: 06 (2021-05-21)



	Gluing conditions	Mixing Ratio	Max Closed
	250 g/m² / 51 lbs/1000 ft²	100:20	1h 20'
Assembly Time	400 g/m² / 82 lbs/1000 ft²	100:20	1h 50'
(20 07 00 1)	250 g/m² / 51 lbs/1000 ft²	100:25	1h 10'
	400 g/m² / 82 lbs/1000 ft²	100:25	1h 40'

The assembly time is influenced by the glue spread, the moisture content in the wood, and the ambient temperature and humidity. Higher glue spread, lower temperature, and higher moisture content in the wood and in the surrounding air will extend the assembly time.

The pressure must be applied while the adhesive is still tacky. The total assembly time (open assembly time + closed assembly time) must be evaluated in each specific case.

A slight squeeze out of adhesive along the edge of all the joints when pressure is applied indicates adequate glue spread and that the total assembly time has not been exceeded.

Mixing Patio (humaight)	100 : 20 or 25 (adhesive:hardener)		
wixing hallo (by weight)	The accuracy in the hardener amount shall be ± 1 pbw.		
Glue Spread	170 - 450 g/m ² , for laminated beams preferably 250 - 450 g/m ²		

The glue spread can vary depending on the wood species, wood moisture, relative humidity, room temperature, press type, assembly time and planing quality. However, the lower limit of glue spread should not be lower than the value in the table above.

In the production of load-bearing components, a reduction of the glue spread, e.g. in the case of very short assembly times, may only be carried out with the approval of AkzoNobel's technical support, taking into account the production parameters on the respective production line. This optimisation requires that the specified parameters are adhered to and that continuous checks in the form of delamination tests are carried out. A written and signed confirmation from AkzoNobel and the adhesive testing body is mandatory for this.

Moisture content of wood	8-15%, for laminated beams preferably 10-12%
Preparation of wood	For best result the wood must be smoothly planed. For optimum bond strength the bonding operation shall take place within 24 hours after preparation.
Temperature of wood	In order to meet the given press times the temperature of the wood must not be below $20^{\circ}C$ / $68^{\circ}F$.
Post curing	Up to 5 days at 20°C / 68°F. After the pressing time the bond-line has enough strength for the construction to be handled. Full strength will be reached after a certain time, depending on the pressing time and the pressing temperature.

Contact Information

 Stockholm, Sweden
 +46 8 743 40 00

 High Point, USA
 +1 336 841 5111

 Amata, Vietnam
 +84 8 844 5743

 Medellin, Colombia
 +57 4 3618888

 www.akzonobel.com/adhesives
 +57

Version: 06 (2021-05-21)



Gluing operation information for finger jointing of lamellae for load-bearing timber structures

General	For the production of finger joints by producers controlled by Otto-Graf- Institut (MPA) the requirements in DIN 68140-1:1998-02 and EN 14080:2013 must be followed.		
Application equipment	With glue mixture: Profiled rollers or similar equipment		
Moisture content of	The moisture content shall be similar to the moisture content for the construction when in use.		
	See also DIN 68140-1.		
Glue and hardener application	<u>With glue mixture:</u> Double sided application with 125-150 g/m ² on each side. The glue mixture must cover at least ¾ of the length of the fingers.		
	Within the frame of the producer's production control a sample of finger joints with both glue and hardener must be sampled every day. The sample must be marked with the date and be kept for the control authorities. Apart from this a documentation of the consumption of glue and hardener per day and per cross section of the finger joints must be done.		
Temperature of wood	When finger jointing lamellae for laminated beams the temperature of the wood must not be lower than 18°C / 64°F.		
Mixing ratio	For finger-jointing of lamellae for laminated beams the following glue mixture is also approved 1242 100 parts by weight (pbw) 2542 20 parts by weight (pbw) Water 0 - 5 parts by weight (pbw) The accuracy of the hardener amount shall be ± 1pbw		
Pot life	5 pbw of water will increase the pot-life with approx. 10%		
Pressing temperature	The minimum pressing temperature shall be 20°C / 68°F.		
Gluing without HF press	When finger jointing lamellae for structural timber the temperature of the wood must be at least $20^{\circ}C$ / $68^{\circ}F$.		
Gluing in HF with pre- heating	The temperature in the zone of the finger joint should reach a temperature of minimum $60^{\circ}C$ / $140^{\circ}F$.		
Gluing in HF without pre- heating	The temperature in the zone of the finger joint should reach a temperature of minimum $85^{\circ}C$ / $185^{\circ}F$.		
Curing time	With a bond line temperature of 60°C / 140°F the curing time is 2 hours. At 20°C / 68°F the curing time is 5 days.		
Further processing after finger jointing	Finger jointed lamellae may only be further processed directly after the finger jointing operation if the transportation equipment and the planning of the lamellae do not expose the joints to any damaging stresses. Otherwise, the curing time stated above shall be used.		

Contact Information

 Stockholm, Sweden
 +46 8 743 40 00

 High Point, USA
 +1 336 841 5111

 Amata, Vietnam
 +84 8 844 5743

 Medellin, Colombia
 +57 4 3618888

 www.akzonobel.com/adhesives

Version: 06 (2021-05-21)



Handling	Always use gloves and goggles when handling the product.
Cleaning	Glue on skin should be washed with soap and water.
	For the equipment, use lukewarm water with addition of Glue wash 4450 or Washing agent 2704 (for more info see General Info).
	Cleaning must start before the system cures.
Waste handling - of the products	Glue - Is normally classified as hazardous waste (contains free formaldehyde.)
	Hardener - Depending on classification hardeners may be considered as hazardous waste, check the SDS (section 13).
	Mixed glue and hardener – Can normally be treated as non hazardous waste when fully cured.
	NOTE! There might be national and/or local regulatory differences, therefore always keep a dialogue with the local authorities.
Waste water treatment	Chemical precipitation \rightarrow drain*
- of the waste water	Biological treatment \rightarrow drain*
	Mechanical precipitation \rightarrow drain*
	* municipal sewage with biological treatment
	For more info, see General Information.
	NOTE! There might be national and/or local regulatory differences, therefore always keep a dialogue with the local authorities.
Health and Safety	For more information, see respective SDS.

Handling and HSE info

Legal clause

The information is based on laboratory tests and practical experience. It is introductory and intended to help the user find the most suitable method of working. Since the user's production conditions are beyond our control, we cannot be held responsible for the results of the work which is affected by local circumstances. In each particular case testing and continuous control are recommended.

Contact Information

 Stockholm, Sweden
 +46 8 743 40 00

 High Point, USA
 +1 336 841 5111

 Amata, Vietnam
 +84 8 844 5743

 Medellin, Colombia
 +57 4 3618888

 www.akzonobel.com/adhesives
 +57

Version: 06 (2021-05-21)